

# CERTIFICADO DE NIVEL BÁSICO A2 DE INGLÉS

CONVOCATORIA ORDINARIA PARA POBLACIÓN  
ESCOLAR - CURSO 2021/22

## COMPRENSIÓN DE TEXTOS ESCRITOS

CUMPLIMENTE LOS SIGUIENTES DATOS:

APELLIDOS: \_\_\_\_\_

NOMBRE: \_\_\_\_\_

CENTRO ESCOLAR: \_\_\_\_\_

### INSTRUCCIONES PARA REALIZAR ESTA PARTE:

**DURACIÓN: 50 minutos**

- Esta parte consta de dos tareas. Lea las instrucciones al principio de cada tarea y realícela según se indica.
- Las respuestas escritas a lápiz o en tinta roja no se calificarán.
- No está permitido el uso del diccionario.
- El uso de cualquier dispositivo electrónico queda prohibido durante toda la prueba. El móvil tendrá que permanecer apagado y guardado.
- **Atención:** No escriba en los recuadros sombreados; son espacios reservados para la calificación de las tareas.

**PUNTUACIÓN:** / 10

**TASK 1 (1 x 5 = 5 points)**

**Read the text about Walt Disney. For questions 1 to 5 choose the correct answer (a, b or c) according to what you read. Number 0 is an example.**

**Write your answers in the grid at the end of the exercise.**

**MARK**

## **WALT DISNEY**

Walt Disney was one of the most famous people ever to have lived. He has touched the lives of millions of children and adults. He holds the record for winning the most Academy Awards (26) and was an innovative film producer and animator. He created some of the most successful characters, movies and theme parks of the 20th Century.

Disney was born in 1901 in Chicago. He developed a great love of drawing as a youngster. When he was ten, he discovered the world of theatre and cinema and fell in love with it. He became the cartoonist for his high school newspaper. In 1920, he set up his own animation company and his "Laugh-O-Gram" cartoons became very popular.

Disney wanted more and so he moved to Hollywood. He developed a character based on a pet mouse he once had. He gave the mouse his own voice and personality. Disney's wife named him Mickey. Disney put Mickey in his first movie with sound, 'Steamboat Willie'. By 1930, Mickey Mouse was the world's most popular cartoon character and Walt Disney was a household name.

Following on from Mickey's success, Disney created characters such as Donald Duck, Goofy, and Pluto. He then produced an animated feature-length version of Snow White, which was the most successful movie of 1938. Dozens more movies followed, including Fantasia and Bambi. Disney built up a global entertainment empire, including his Disneyland theme park. He died of cancer in 1966.

*<http://www.wikipedia.org> and assorted biographies*

0. Walt Disney has received .... by the Academy, in the world.
- a) **the maximum number of awards**
  - b) the minimum number of awards
  - c) the top record of medals
1. Walt Disney showed great interest for art, cartoons and plays as ...
- a) a young adult.
  - b) a young kid.
  - c) a young musician.
2. Before the age of 11, Walt Disney was strongly attracted by theatre and cinema and became...
- a) the town-hall's young journalist.
  - b) the high school art representative.
  - c) the school's newspaper cartoonist.
3. Disney's ambitions made him change city where he created a new character that was influenced by...
- a) his domestic animal.
  - b) a wild animal.
  - c) his neighbour's pet.
4. His wife called the character *Mickey*, and Disney lent his character his...
- a) own intuition.
  - b) personal features.
  - c) physical characteristics.
5. Before 1967 and after creating many popular characters, movies and parks, Disney...
- a) stopped building.
  - b) left us.
  - c) built Disneyland.

	0.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
ANSWERS	a					
Correction	✓					

**TASK 2 (1 x 5 = 5 points)**

Read the paragraphs and match them (1-5) to the corresponding heading (A-H). There are two extra headings you don't need. Paragraph 0 is an example.

Write your answers in the grid you have at the end of the exercise.

**MARK****BENEFITS OF OWNING A PET**

**PARAGRAPH 0:** Pets improve your social life

The pet owner community is an incredibly friendly one – you'll often find that people will stop to talk to you about your dog in the park. Having a pet is a great way to meet new people and create bonds quickly, especially if you're not too good at small talk. You never know, having a dog may help you meet the love of your life!

**PARAGRAPH 1:** \_\_\_\_\_

All types of dog need regular, daily walks in order to stay happy and healthy, and so do we! However, we sometimes have the tendency to get a bit lazy – if that sounds like you, a dog is the perfect cure! They'll be dragging you out the front door and making you run around the park each and every day.

**PARAGRAPH 2:** \_\_\_\_\_

If you live by yourself, or your partner works at different times from you, it can get awfully deserted at home – unless you have a pet, of course! Cats and dogs make great companions – they'll always be waiting for you to come home and they'll be happy to lend an ear if you want to protest about the awful day you've had.

**PARAGRAPH 3:** \_\_\_\_\_

Modern life is adverse and high levels of anxiety can lead to numerous health problems. Luckily, pets can really help us relax – touching your cat or simply watching fish swim around in a tank can make your worries disappear.

**PARAGRAPH 4:** \_\_\_\_\_

Pets spend a lot of their time outside and therefore bring all sorts of dirt and germs into your home. But this isn't necessarily a bad thing – the additional germs can help improve your resistance to colds or similar conditions. In fact, previous studies have shown that babies who live with a dog tend to experience fewer infections and are generally healthier than those who don't.

**PARAGRAPH 5:** \_\_\_\_\_

It's no secret that kids love animals, and if they're old enough, having one as a pet can actually teach them a lot of important skills. They will learn the practical skills required to own a pet, such as cleaning out the cage, and teaching tricks; they'll also develop their discipline and empathy skills, which are vital in later life.

	HEADINGS
<b>A.</b>	<b><i>Pets improve your social life.</i></b>
<b>B.</b>	You're never lonely.
<b>C.</b>	Pets teach new hobbies.
<b>D.</b>	Pets keep your secrets.
<b>E.</b>	Pets lower your stress levels.
<b>F.</b>	You can learn how to take responsibility.
<b>G.</b>	Pets protect you from illness.
<b>H.</b>	Pets are a good way to keep fit.

Paragraph	Heading	Correction
<b>0.</b>	<b>A</b>	✓
<b>1.</b>		
<b>2.</b>		
<b>3.</b>		
<b>4.</b>		
<b>5.</b>		

**CLAVE DE RESPUESTAS – COMPRENSIÓN DE TEXTOS ESCRITOS  
NIVEL BÁSICO A2 DE INGLÉS – PCEI PARA POBLACIÓN ESCOLAR –  
CONVOCATORIA ORDINARIA - CURSO 2021/22**

**TASK 1 (1 x 5= 5 points)**

Read the text about Walt Disney. For questions 1 to 5 choose the correct answer (a, b or c) according to what you read. Number 0 is an example.

Write your answers in the grid at the end of the exercise.

**MARK**

**5**

	<b>0.</b>	<b>1.</b>	<b>2.</b>	<b>3.</b>	<b>4.</b>	<b>5.</b>
<b>ANSWERS</b>	<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>	<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>b</b>
<b>Correction</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

**TASK 2 (1x 5 = 5 points)**

Read the five paragraphs about *The Benefits of Owning a Pet*. Match each paragraph to the corresponding heading B-H. There are two extra headings. you do not need. Extract 0 is given as an example.

Write your answers in the grid at the end of the exercise.

**MARK**

**5**

	<b>HEADINGS</b>
<b>A.</b>	<b><i>Pets improve your social life.</i></b>
<b>B.</b>	You're never lonely.
<b>C.</b>	Pets teach new abilities.
<b>D.</b>	Pets keep your secrets.
<b>E.</b>	Pets lower your stress levels.
<b>F.</b>	You can learn how to take responsibility.
<b>G.</b>	Pets protect you from illness.
<b>H.</b>	Pets are a good way to keep fit.

<b>Paragraph</b>	<b>Heading</b>	<b>Correction</b>
<b>0.</b>	<b>A</b>	✓
<b>1.</b>	<b>H</b>	
<b>2.</b>	<b>B</b>	
<b>3.</b>	<b>E</b>	
<b>4.</b>	<b>G</b>	
<b>5.</b>	<b>F</b>	