



INGLÉS

CERTIFICADO DE NIVEL BÁSICO A2

CONVOCATORIA JUNIO 2025

COMPRENSIÓN DE TEXTOS ESCRITOS

ALUMNO: OFICIAL ☐ LIBRE ☐ THAT'S ENGLISH ☐

APELLIDOS: _____ NOMBRE: _____

DNI/NIE: _____ EOI: _____

INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA REALIZACIÓN DE ESTA PARTE:

DURACIÓN: 50 minutos

- Esta parte consta de tres tareas.
- Lea las instrucciones al principio de cada tarea y realícela según se indica.
- Las respuestas escritas a lápiz o en rojo no se calificarán.
- No escriba en los recuadros sombreados.
- No está permitido el uso de diccionarios.

15. IN A2 25 OR CTE

	TAREA 1	TAREA 2	TAREA 3	TOTAL	CALIFICACIÓN
PUNTOS				/25	/10

TASK 1 (8 X 1 mark = 8 marks)

Read the following texts and match them to the most suitable heading from the list on the next page. Each heading can be used only **ONCE**. There are **TWO** headings you will not need. Text 0 is an example.

MARK

BENEFITS OF NORDIC WALKING

*If you've ever seen people walking with poles in their hands,
you already know what Nordic walking is.*



Nordic walking poles



Walking poles

TEXT 0

You'll know you have the right poles if they have a glove-like strap, specific for Nordic walking; they'll allow you to push into them to walk faster. Don't confuse them with poles with loop straps.

TEXT 1

You don't need special sports clothes but if you want some advice on walking equipment, there are some blogs on the best walking shoes, waterproof boots, and Nordic walking poles.

TEXT 2

Nordic walking is perfect for all fitness levels and ages. The activity has changed over the years, and it can be easily adapted to anyone, based on their different activity levels.

TEXT 3

Exercise helps reduce stress and worries and it's even more effective when done in a green environment; you do Nordic walking outdoors. No surprises here - nature is good for the spirit.

TEXT 4

Weight loss won't be everyone's goal, but if you're looking for healthy ways to lose weight, then it's certainly something to consider as this style of hiking is an incredible full-body exercise.

TEXT 5

The activity came from Finland originally, as the name suggests, and became a popular sport in the 1990s as elite cross-country skiers* began to use the poles in their summer training programs.

TEXT 6

Nordic walking can be done solo. You can walk anywhere urban or rural, but there are additional skills to learn in relation to hill walking, so that's why it's good to be in a group.

TEXT 7

Don't forget that - unlike going to the gym or doing a workout from home - Nordic walking is normally done with a group, bringing an extra social element to this form of exercise.

TEXT 8

It's like when you ride a bike or learn to swim; it's better not to think too much. It takes time to learn and there is a lot to remember at the start.

Adapted from © <https://bristolnordicwalking.co.uk/blog/9-benefits-nordic-walking/> and <https://www.womanandhome.com/health-and-wellbeing/nordic-walking-386091/>

* cross-country skiing = esquí de fondo

BENEFITS OF NORDIC WALKING

A. A sport for everybody

B. Get the right poles

C. Is it a difficult sport to do?

D. Is it possible to do Nordic walking alone?

E. It can help you get thinner

F. It improves your mental health

G. It's a social sport

H. It's easier than other sports

I. The origin of this sport

J. What do you need to start doing this sport?

K. You can adapt it to your home

TEXT	<i>O</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
HEADING	<i>B</i>								
	✓								

TASK 2 (8 x 1 mark = 8 marks)

Read the following text and choose the option (a, b, or c) which best completes the sentences according to the text. Then write your answers in the corresponding box on the next page. Sentence 0 is an example.

MARK***JOHN MUIR: THE FATHER OF AMERICA'S NATIONAL PARKS***

How one man's love for nature made a difference



John Muir was born in Dunbar, Scotland, in 1838. When John was 11, his family moved to North America and went to live in Wisconsin.

During his adolescence, John worked on his father's farm. It was hard work, but it taught him to understand nature more deeply. At this point, he did not receive any formal education, and he had to teach himself.

In his early adulthood, John left the farm to study at the University of Wisconsin. To pay for his education, he had to work in a factory. In 1867, John was badly hurt in an accident at the factory, where he lost his sight and was in serious pain. After weeks of trying to get better, John decided to leave factory work behind and to dedicate himself to nature.

John Muir, the myth, the man, and the conservation legend, was an environmental activist and writer in a time when economic progress defined America's relationship with the environment; but while everyone else wanted to use nature, Muir wanted people to enjoy nature. He wrote about nature in a spiritual sense, as a place to get well and find inner peace. "In every walk with nature, one receives far more than he seeks," he once wrote.

The public really liked John Muir's essays on nature, and his popularity grew. However, while he continued to write about protecting the environment, both Yosemite Valley and High Country were in danger. If something wasn't done soon, they would be seriously and permanently damaged. So, what did Muir do? Well, he became friends with Robert Underwood Johnson, the editor of *The Century Magazine*, and together they started writing about the idea of making Yosemite Valley a national park.

The Century Magazine published Muir's articles, which explained all the reasons why Yosemite needed Federal Protection. Muir and Underwood asked interested readers to write letters to their elected officials in Congress. As a result of their efforts, in 1890 Yosemite became a National Park.

In his lifetime, John Muir published over 300 articles and wrote 10 major books about travel and nature. In one of his books, he wrote about his memories as a child in the hills and rivers of Scotland.

His voice and his pen influenced the creation of several national parks, including Sequoia, Mount Rainier, and the Grand Canyon. For this reason, many people today consider John Muir the father of America's National Parks.

Adapted from ©<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GCr8HRxLJM> and <https://www.twinkl.nl/teaching-wiki/john-muir>

JOHN MUIR: THE FATHER OF AMERICA'S NATIONAL PARKS

0. John Muir was...

- a. *English.*
- b. *Irish.*
- c. ***Scottish.***

C
✓

9. When John Muir was a farmer, he studied...

- a. at home by himself.
- b. at home with a teacher.
- c. at Wisconsin university.

10. After the accident, John Muir...

- a. spent more time in nature.
- b. worked at the factory.
- c. worked on his father's farm.

11. John Muir's wanted...

- a. everybody to enjoy nature.
- b. to make money with nature.
- c. to use nature for his benefit.

12. According to the text, John Muir is famous for...

- a. his quotes about Scotland.
- b. looking after natural places.
- c. spending time alone in nature.

13. John Muir wanted to protect Yosemite Valley, so he...

- a. became friends with the Federal Protection Agency.
- b. thought of a solution with Robert Underwood Johnson.
- c. wrote many letters to the United States Congress.

14. Yosemite became a National Park because many readers sent letters to...

- a. *The Century Magazine.*
- b. the President of the United States.
- c. their Representatives in Congress.

15. In his books, John Muir wrote...

- a. about parks in Scotland.
- b. especially about nature and travel.
- c. only about travel in national parks.

16. John Muir

- a. created all American national parks.
- b. helped to create a lot of national parks.
- c. wrote stories for children about parks.

TASK 3 (9 x 1 mark = 9 marks)

Read the text and complete each blank with ONE suitable word from the list supplied on the next page. Then write your answers in the boxes. Each word can be used only ONCE. There are FOUR words you will not need. Blank 0 is an example.

MARK

MOVIE NIGHT

Why going to the cinema is good for you

The first time we showed *Get Out* was in 2017. When it finished, there **[0]** this wonderful, loud applause in the cinema. It made the hairs on the back of your neck stand up. That is a special and unique thing **[17]** only exists in cinemas.

I think stories are one of the things that makes us human. I am a neuroscientist and I've always **[18]** interested in how people experience stories. How **[19]** these stories affect people when they're in audiences? We did an **[20]** : We had people in the cinema watching a film. Then we **[21]** had people in my lab at university watching the same film alone. We found that when you're watching with an audience, you have **[22]** emotional reactions than when you're watching it alone.

When you check your phone, listen **[23]** the radio, or watch TV, you get easily distracted. Unless you can immerse yourself in the story, you're not going to be transported in the way that cinema can transport you. The lights go out, your phone's **[24]** and you're just focused on what you're watching.

We live in an individualistic culture but I think that when we come together (in a music concert, in a football match, etc.), we have the **[25]** to move as one, to think as one, to feel as one. One of the great powers of cinema is that movies help us develop empathy, which is crucial to becoming better people and making the world a better place.

Adapted from © <https://www.youtube.com/@bbcideas>

MOVIE NIGHT

ABILITY	ALSO	BEEN	BEST	DO
DOES	EXPERIMENT	OFF	STRONG	STRONGER
STUDY	THAT	TO	<i>WAS</i>	

<i>0</i>	<i>WAS</i>	✓
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