

## **COMPRENSIÓN ORAL**

**Apellidos:** .....

**Nombre:** .....

**Completa la información:**

Alumno/a **OFICIAL** (Indica el nombre de tu profesor/a-tutor/a durante el curso 2016-2017: .....) )

**Grupo:** .....

**INSTRUCCIONES PARA LA REALIZACIÓN DE ESTE EJERCICIO:**

- Duración: **45 minutos.**
- Este ejercicio consta de **dos tareas**. Deberás realizar las dos.
  - En la tarea 1 vas a escuchar 3 veces un documento sonoro. Deberás seleccionar una de las cuatro opciones (A, B, C o D), la que se refiera a lo que dice la grabación, y escribirla en la casilla correspondiente.  
**Obtienes:** 1 punto por cada respuesta correcta; 0 puntos por cada respuesta incorrecta o no dada.
  - En la tarea 2 vas a escuchar 3 veces un documento sonoro con diez extractos (1-10), que deberás relacionar con cada una de las diez preguntas (A-L), según lo que dice la grabación. A cada extracto le corresponde solo una pregunta. Hay una pregunta que no se corresponde con ningún extracto. Si se escogen las 11 preguntas, se restará un punto del total de la tarea.  
**Obtienes:** 1 punto por cada respuesta correcta; 0 puntos por cada respuesta incorrecta o no dada.

**Muy importante: al final, comprueba que has elegido una sola opción (como en los ejemplos); si eliges dos opciones, se anulará la respuesta para ese ítem.**

- **No escribas en los espacios sombreados** destinados a la calificación de las tareas.
- Sólo se admiten respuestas escritas con **bolígrafo azul o negro**.

**NO ESCRIBAS AQUÍ**

**PUNTUACIÓN DEL EJERCICIO: \_\_\_\_\_ /20**

**CALIFICACIÓN:  Superado     No Superado**

**TAREA 1 – 10 puntos:** You are going to hear a TV program about the tough Australian policies to reduce smoking. From questions 1 to 10, choose the best option (A, B, C or D) and write it in the ‘Answer’ column. Number 0 is an example. You will get 1 point per correct answer. You will hear the recording three times.

### AUSTRALIA ANTISMOKING POLICY

Answer	
Example: <b>0. Australia is considered to have succeeded in...</b> A. avoiding taking up smoking as well as reducing it. B. helping people to get personalised advice to give up smoking. C. preventing people from quitting smoking. D. informing about the harmful and addictive nature of smoking.	<b>A</b> 
<b>1. Regarding its antismoking policy, Australia is considered to be...</b> A. the pioneer concerning the developing countries. B. one of the first developed countries having launched a similar one. C. the first country to develop one. D. the first country having banned smoking in some public places.	
<b>2. Australia's policies have failed to avoid so far...</b> A. smoking hot spots. B. smoking in public transport. C. smoking while driving. D. smoking for taxi drivers.	
<b>3. Fines, from A\$200 to A\$2,000...</b> A. are the cause of smoking cessation. B. have avoided public smoking. C. are fruitless in some cases. D. were inefficient at the beginning.	
<b>4. According to Simon Chapman, the main cause of quitting smoking is...</b> A. ... a restraining policy. B. ... an appealing measure. C. ... a self-indulgent policy. D. ... a mild reduction.	
<b>5. Simon Chapman claims that an effective antismoking law is measured by its impact on...</b> A. the tobacco companies. B. tax raises. C. cost reductions. D. imagery.	
<b>6. Imagery in Australian packets used to be...</b> A. out of the question, excepting ads. B. reduced not to be appealing. C. tempting and present in all media. D. standard and compulsory.	

	Answer
<b>7. The hardest blow for the tobacco companies has been...</b>	
A. the alteration of cigarette packs. B. the blackout images. C. the return of colourful packaging. D. the reduction of imagery.	
<b>8. The antismoking media campaign launched by Australia aims...</b>	
A. to display pros and cons of smoking. B. to point out the worst side of this habit. C. to decrease the cost of hospital admissions. D. to withdraw imagery from the packs.	
<b>9. The world average of smoking rate for adults is...</b>	
A. 13%. B. 23%. C. 20%. D. 30%.	
<b>10. The UK, unlike Australia, ...</b>	
A. has not opted for the withdrawn of imagery. B. is refusing to follow any Australian measures. C. has regretted implementing some of the Australian measures. D. is in the process of applying the plain packaging measure.	

Adapted from: <https://goo.gl/9uKfKk>

<b>PUNTOS:</b>	<b>/ 10</b>
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**TAREA 2 – 10 puntos:** You are going to hear 10 extracts of a radio programme about the process of crying and some curiosities of this human activity. You will have to match the questions (B-L) with the best extract (1-10) which corresponds to its answer. Write the number of the extract next to the question it refers to. There is one extract that you do not need to use. Letter A is an example. You will hear the recording three times.

**IMPORTANT:** You will get 1 point per correct answer. Each statement belongs to only one extract. If you use the 11 questions, ONE point will be subtracted from the total score of the task.

### THE MYSTERIES OF CRYING

	Extract	
Example: <b>A</b> What is so special about human crying?	<b>0</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>B</b> How can we avoid crying when we are depressed?		
<b>C</b> How can we explain the lachrymation process?		
<b>D</b> How come we cry when we are cheerful?		
<b>E</b> Is crying a pain reliever?		
<b>F</b> Which can be the main aim of crying?		
<b>G</b> Are there any variations in the amount of crying among countries?		
<b>H</b> Does crying help us emotionally?		
<b>I</b> What does the experiment carried out with babies tell us?		
<b>J</b> What are the different types of tears?		
<b>K</b> What happens in our body when we cry?		
<b>L</b> How do we release tears?		

PUNTOS: / 10