



#### Región de Murcia

Consejería de Educación y Cultura Dirección General de Innovación Educativa y Atención a la Diversidad

# **ESCUELAS OFICIALES DE IDIOMAS** DE LA REGIÓN DE MURCIA

PRUEBA ESPECÍFICA **DE CERTIFICACIÓN** 

**NIVEL C1** 

**CONVOCATORIA SEPTIEMBRE 2020** 

**COMPRENSIÓN DE TEXTOS ORALES** 

APELLIDOS:	
NOMBRE:	DNI:

PUNTUACIÓN: \_\_\_ / 26

**APTO** □ **NO APTO** □

TAREAS: La prueba de Comprensión de Textos Orales consta de TRES tareas.

**DURACIÓN TOTAL: Aproximadamente 45 minutos** 

#### **INDICACIONES:**

- Se realizarán dos escuchas de cada parte.
- Las tareas se desarrollarán en los espacios indicados.
- Emplear tinta permanente azul o negra. No utilizar lápiz.
- Corregir tachando el texto. No usar correctores líquidos o cintas.
- No escribir en las partes sombreadas.
- Puntuación total 26 puntos. "Apto": ≥ 13
- Desarrollo de cada una de las tareas:
  - 2:30 minutos para leer la tarea a realizar
  - Primera escucha
  - 1:30 minutos para pensar y responder
  - Segunda escucha
  - 2:00 minutos para finalizar la tarea





CORRECTOR

## **TASK 1. The Equation**

You will hear a radio interview about Happiness. Complete the gaps with ONE suitable word from the recording. Write your final answers in the grid provided below, as shown in example 0.

You will hear the recording TWICE.

10 points



(EXAMPLE) Mo Gawdat was depressed and couldn't find happiness in traditional teachings.	spiritual	✓
His research on happiness resulted in an international		
2. According to him, happiness is surprisingly		
3. The key to happiness is just all about your		
4. In India, you can be happy with a bowl of rice with		
5. In America, however, the portions are going to be		
6. In Western countries there is some kind of level agreement.		
7. For governments to stop making us unhappy, they must be		
8. Studies say that, when we are happier, humans are more		
9. The of unhappiness is negative economic consequences.		
10. Health issues cost governments a lot in terms of productivity and		

Source: The Inquiry: Can a government make you happy? <a href="https://www.bbc.co.uk/sounds/play/w3csytg4">https://www.bbc.co.uk/sounds/play/w3csytg4</a>

SCORE: \_\_\_\_/10

### **TASK 2. Cybercrime**

You will hear an interview about Cybercrime. Decide which SIX of the statements below are TRUE, according to the recording. Write your final answers in the grid provided below, as shown in example 0.

You will hear the recording TWICE.

6 points

- 0. (EXAMPLE) Analogue and online tax fraud are basically the same crime. ✓
- 1. Card fraud used to be done by looking over your shoulder to find out your PIN.
- 2. Identity phishing is used in order to obtain banking details.
- 3. Card crime is nowadays twice as big as it was eight years ago.
- 4. Online card payment is becoming very popular and efficient.
- 5. We still receive a lot of spam advertising drugs like Viagra.
- 6. There is no point in selling pirated software anymore.
- 7. You can download movies and music from the cloud for free.
- 8. Online investment in bitcoins is getting safer and safer.
- 9. Cybercrime is now double than all acquisitive crime put together.
- 10. Half of the total police force in Britain is fighting cybercrime.
- 11. Online scams and burglaries are essentially very similar.
- 12. Online criminals are very careful about leaving any trace.
- 13. Frauds of over £10,000 tend to happen in some particular neighbourhoods.
- 14. The police should start investigating minor frauds randomly.

Source: The Naked Scientist

https://www.thenakedscientists.com/articles/interviews/state-cybercrime

0				SCORE:
✓				/6

### TASK 3. Can fast fashion and sustainability be stitched together?

You will hear a radio interview about Fast fashion and sustainability. For items 1 to 10, choose the best option (A, B or C), according to what is said in the recording. Write your final answers in the grid provided below, as shown in example 0.

You will hear the recording TWICE.

10 points

0. (EXAMPLE) This announcement is remarkable, considering		
A. its rapid growth in the last 20 years.		
B. their inexpensive prices	<i>C</i>	$\checkmark$
C. Zara is the fast-fashion giant. ✓		
1. Mark Sumner		
A. is a fashion designer.		
B. is a University lecturer.		
C. works in the retail industry.		
2. The presenter says people, in general		
A. are aware of the environmental hazards of fast fashion.		
B. are not conscious of the number of clothes they own.		
C. don't consider fashion an environmental problem.		
3. According to the guest, the fashion industry		
A. includes many kinds of industries.		
B. is mainly dependent on agriculture.		
C. is not as harmful as agriculture.		
4. Yarn spinning		
A. converts fibers in a sustainable way.		
B. depends mainly on the oil industry.		
C. uses large amount of energy.		
5. The application of colour		
A. is energy-consuming and could be toxic.		
B. produces less waste thanks to innovative methods.		
C. will have different impacts depending on the fabric.		
6. Sustainable materials		
A. are created after reducing emissions and pollution.		
B. have been catalogued by the fashion industry.		
C. have not been well-defined yet.		
7. The challenge for the fashion industry is then		
A. being clear when addressing sustainability.		
B. including all aspects of sustainability.		
C. the need to focus on just one aspect.		
8. By making a public announcement, Zara		
A. has made other brands do the same.		
B. is now responsible for achieving their target.		
C. shows positivity and hope for the future.		
9. According to Sumner, consumers		
A. always make the right shopping decisions.		
B. are responsible for sustainability in some way.		
C. have no responsibility in the shopping process.		
10. Sumner also reckons that consumers		
A. are unconsciously attached to fashion.		
B. have the power to influence other consumers.		
C. should rebel against the fast fashion industry.		
Course NDD All this are considered	TOT	۸۱.
Source: NPR All things considered	ТОТ	
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